## SENATE CHAMBER STATE OF OKLAHOMA

DISPOSITION

	(Date)
I move to amend Senate Bill No. 622, by substituting the a enacting clause and entire body of the measure.  Submark  Senate Bill No. 622, by substituting the anacting clause and entire body of the measure.	(Date)
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enacting clause and entire body of the measure.  Subm  Senat  Leewright-APW-FS-Req#1952	
Senat Leewright-APW-FS-Req#1952	attached floor substitute for the title
Senat Leewright-APW-FS-Req#1952	
Leewright-APW-FS-Req#1952	nitted by:
Leewright-APW-FS-Req#1952	
	or Leewright
(Floor Amendments Only)  Date and Time Filed:  Untimely  Amendment Cycle Extended	

1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 58th Legislature (2021)
3	FLOOR SUBSTITUTE FOR
4	SENATE BILL NO. 622  By: Leewright of the Senate
5	and
6	Newton of the House
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9	FLOOR SUBSTITUTE
10	An Act relating to environment and natural resources; creating the Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act; defining terms;
11	requiring promulgation of rules and regulations by  Department of Environmental Quality on PFAS waste;
12	specifying content of certain rules; providing exemption to certain waste facilities; establishing
13	certain liability for PFAS waste generators; construing clause; requiring application and
14	authorization for certain activities; authorizing  Department to authorize certain activities; providing
15	for certain classification of PFAS waste; providing for codification; providing an effective date; and
16	declaring an emergency.
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
20	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
21	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-501 of Title 27a, unless
22	there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
23	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma PFAS
24	Waste Act".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-502 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. As used in the Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act:

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- 1. "PFAS" means perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances; and
- 2. "PFAS waste" means a material containing high concentrations of PFAS that is being abandoned, discarded, disposed of, destroyed or stored pending such disposal or destruction including:
  - a. waste aqueous film-forming foam ("AFFF") containing PFAS,
  - b. waste containing high concentrations of PFAS that is generated at PFAS manufacturing and processing facilities,
  - c. waste containing high concentrations of PFAS that is generated at facilities using PFAS in the production of products other than PFAS,
  - d. waste containing high concentrations of PFAS from remediation projects,
  - e. any other treatment waste containing high
    concentrations of PFAS associated with the removal of
    PFAS including but not limited to waste or waste
    streams from spent water treatment materials used for

the removal of PFAS in drinking water, groundwater and/or leachate, and

- f. any other waste that typically contains or is expected to contain high concentrations of PFAS.
- B. As used in the Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act, PFAS waste shall not include consumer and industrial products that may incidentally contain PFAS and are routinely discarded as part of the municipal solid waste stream or the leachate from landfills that manage these consumer and industrial products, and which does not substantially exceed PFAS levels typically found or expected in that type of waste or waste stream as determined by the Department of Environmental Quality. The criteria for determining whether PFAS concentrations substantially exceed levels typically found or expected in a particular type of waste or waste stream shall be established by the Department through the formal administrative rulemaking process.

  SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-503 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations related to the receipt, storage, treatment and disposal of PFAS waste in this state.
- B. Rules and regulations adopted under subsection A of this section shall include provisions requiring that any person accepting PFAS waste for storage, treatment or disposal, or any combination

thereof shall demonstrate to the Department that the manner in which
the PFAS waste is to be stored, treated or disposed of is protective
of human health and the environment. The rules and regulations
shall establish criteria or guidelines to assist the Department in
making a determination regarding this protection.

- C. Rules and regulations adopted under subsection A of this section may require a person who stores, treats or disposes of PFAS waste to provide financial assurance for applicable closure, post-closure and corrective action requirements, or any potentially necessary remedial or response actions. The rules and regulations may establish requirements for types of financial assurance, methods for calculating the necessary amounts of financial assurance, duration that the financial assurance shall be maintained and any other requirements the Department deems appropriate. The financial assurance requirements shall not apply to federal facilities whose debts and liabilities are the debts and liabilities of the United States. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to disposal facilities which are in compliance with the provisions of Section 2-10-701 of Title 27A of the Oklahoma Statutes and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-504 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The generator of PFAS waste shall be responsible for ensuring that the PFAS waste is disposed of properly and, in the event of a spill, leak or release, shall be responsible for any necessary removal or remedial action and any damages to persons, property or natural resources resulting from such a release. A generator of PFAS waste may not transfer this liability to any other person.

Nothing in this section shall prohibit any agreement to insure, hold harmless or indemnify a party to such agreement for any liability under this section. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a cause of action that the generator of the PFAS waste or any other person subject to liability under this section, or a guarantor, may have or would have, by reason of subrogation or otherwise, against such person including the manufacturer of PFAS substances.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-7-505 of Title 27a, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A person shall submit an application for the activity to the Department of Environmental Quality and shall receive authorization from the Department prior to receiving, storing, treating or disposing of PFAS waste. The process and requirements necessary for the authorization shall be governed by rules and regulations adopted pursuant to Section 3 of this act. Prior to the adoption of such rules and regulations, the Department may authorize the activities covered under this subsection if it determines that the activities

will be conducted in a manner that is sufficiently protective of human health and the environment as determined by the Department.

B. PFAS waste generated in or transported from another state shall maintain the same classification or characterization it would receive in the state of origin, unless such classification or characterization is less protective of human health and the environment than the classification or characterization it would have received if generated in this state.

SECTION 6. This act shall become effective July 1, 2021.

SECTION 7. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

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